

Powersall Power Transmission Fluid

SDS - Safety Data Sheet

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier: Powersall Power Transmission Fluid
Other means of identification: Powersall Power Transmission Fluid 10W
Powersall Power Transmission Fluid 30
Powersall Power Transmission Fluid 50
SDS Number: PA331910
CAS Number: Blend
CHEMTREC: EMERGENCY CONTACT 1-800-424-9300

Details of the supplier of the data sheet:

Supplier Address

LF Powers Co, Inc.
45 South 5th St
Waterbury, CT 06708
Company Contact Number: 1-800-624-5654
www.info@lfpowers.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classified Hazards

This material is not hazardous under the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29CFR 1910.1200.

Other Hazards

None Known

Label Elements

No classified hazards

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS	Concentration
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	64742-54-7	0 - 95
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	64741-88-4	0 - 85
Residual oils, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed	64742-62-7	0 - 75
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	64742-65-0	0 - 70
Other components not contributing to product hazard(s)	VARIOUS	<10

The highly refined mineral oil contains <3% (w/w) DMSO-extract, according to IP346.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health and hence require reporting in this section.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION FIRST AID: If symptoms develop, move victim to fresh air. If symptoms persist, obtain medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT FIRST AID: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Get medical attention if needed.

EYE CONTACT FIRST AID: Flush with water for several minutes. If effects occur, consult a physician.

INGESTION FIRST AID: Rinse mouth with water. If symptoms develop, obtain medical attention.

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5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

NFPA 704 Hazard Class

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0



0 (Minimal)
1 (Slight)
2 (Moderate)
3 (Serious)
4 (Severe)

Flash Point Minimum: 425°F / 215°C
Flash Point Test Method: COC, ASTM D92

Extinguishing Media: Dry chemical, carbon dioxide, foam, or water spray is recommended. Water or foam may cause frothing of materials heated above 212°F/100°C. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the heat of a fire.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Combustion may yield smoke, carbon monoxide, and other products of incomplete combustion. Oxides of sulfur, nitrogen or phosphorus may also be formed.

Special protective actions for firefighters: For fires beyond the initial stage, emergency responders in the immediate hazard area should wear protective clothing. When the potential chemical hazard is unknown, in enclosed or confined spaces, a self contained breathing apparatus should be worn. In addition, wear other appropriate protective equipment as conditions warrant (see Section 8).

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Cool equipment exposed to fire with water, if it can be done safely. Avoid spreading burning liquid with water used for cooling purposes.

See Section 9 for Flammable Property Including Flash Point

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures: This material may burn, but will not ignite readily. Keep all sources of ignition away from spill/release. Stay upwind and away from spill/release. Avoid direct contact with material. For large spillages, notify persons downwind of the spill/release, isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Wear appropriate protective equipment, including respiratory protection, as conditions warrant (see Section 8). See Sections 2 and 7 for additional information on hazards and precautionary measures.

Environmental Precautions: Stop and contain spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems, and natural waterways. Use water sparingly to minimize environmental contamination and reduce disposal requirements. If spill occurs on water notify appropriate authorities and advise shipping of any hazard. Spills into or upon navigable waters, the contiguous zone, or adjoining shorelines that cause a sheen or discoloration on the surface of the water, may require notification of the National Response Center (phone number 800-424-8802).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: Notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Immediate cleanup of any spill is recommended. Dike far ahead of spill for later recovery or disposal. Absorb spill with inert material such as sand or vermiculite, and place in suitable container for disposal. If spilled on water remove with appropriate methods (e.g. skimming, booms or absorbents). In case of soil contamination, remove contaminated soil for remediation or disposal, in accordance with local regulations.

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Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however local conditions and regulations may influence or limit the choice of appropriate actions to be taken. See Section 13 for information on appropriate disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling: Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use good personal hygiene practices and wear appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Spills will produce very slippery surfaces. Do not wear contaminated clothing or shoes. Do not enter confined spaces such as tanks or pits without following proper entry procedures such as ASTM D-4276 and 29CFR 1910.146.

Conditions for safe storage: Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Use and store this material in cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from heat and all sources of ignition. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from any incompatible material (see Section 10). Protect container(s) against physical damage.

"Empty" containers retain residue and may be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury or death. "Empty" drums should be completely drained, properly bunged, and promptly shipped to the supplier or a drum reconditioner. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner and in accordance with governmental regulations. Outdoor or detached storage is preferred. Before working on or in tanks which contain or have contained this material, refer to OSHA regulations, ANSI Z49.1, and other references pertaining to cleaning, repairing, welding, or other contemplated operations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

All ventilation should be designed in accordance with OSHA standard (29 CFR 1910.94).

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Use of safety glasses and gloves are recommended.

Chemical Name	ACGIH	OSHA	Other
Distillates, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m ³ STEL: 10mg/m ³ as Oil Mist, if Generated		
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-refined heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m ³ STEL: 10mg/m ³ as Oil Mist, if Generated		
Residual oils, petroleum, Solvent-dewaxed	TWA: 5mg/m ³ STEL: 10mg/m ³ as Oil Mist, if Generated		
Distillates, petroleum, solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic	TWA: 5mg/m ³ STEL: 10mg/m ³ as Oil Mist, if Generated		

Note: State, local or other agencies or advisory groups may have established more stringent limits. Consult an industrial hygienist or similar professional, or your local agencies, for further information.

Engineering controls: If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional engineering controls may be required.

Eye/Face Protection: The use of eye/face protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene practice suggests the use of eye protection that meets or exceeds ANSI Z.87.1 whenever working with chemicals.

Skin/Hand Protection: The use of skin protection is not normally required; however, good industrial hygiene practice suggests the use of gloves or other appropriate skin protection whenever working with chemicals. Suggested protective materials: Nitrile

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Respiratory Protection: Where there is potential for airborne exposure above the exposure limit a NIOSH certified air purifying respirator equipped with R or P95 filters may be used.

A respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Air purifying respirators provide limited protection and cannot be used in atmospheres that exceed the maximum use concentration (as directed by regulation or the manufacturer's instructions), in oxygen deficient (less than 19.5 percent oxygen) situations, or under conditions that are immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

Suggestions provided in this section for exposure control and specific types of protective equipment are based on readily available information. Users should consult with the specific manufacturer to confirm the performance of their protective equipment. Specific situations may require consultation with industrial hygiene, safety, or engineering professionals.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Note: Data represents typical values and are not intended to be specifications.

Appearance: Amber, Transparent	Flash Point: > 225 °F / > 107 °C
Physical Form: Liquid	Test Method: Pensky-Martens Closed Cup (PMCC), ASTM D93, EPA 1010
Odor: Petroleum	Initial Boiling Point/Range: No data
Odor Threshold: No data	Vapor Pressure: <1 mm Hg
pH: Not applicable	Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) (Kow): Not determined
Vapor Density (air=1): >1	Melting/Freezing Point: No data
Upper Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data	Auto-ignition Temperature: No data
Lower Explosive Limits (vol % in air): No data	Decomposition Temperature: No data
Evaporation Rate (nBuAc=1): <1	Specific Gravity (water=1): 0.864 - 0.902 @ 60°F (15.6°C)
Particle Size: Not applicable	Bulk Density: 7. - 7.5 lbs/gal
Percent Volatile: Nil	Viscosity: 6.2 - 21 cSt @ 100°C; 38 - 220 cSt @ 40°C
Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable	Pour Point: -25 to -1 °F / -31 to -18 °C
Solubility in Water: Negligible	

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: Not chemically reactive.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable under normal ambient and anticipated conditions of use.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: Hazardous reactions not anticipated.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition. Extended exposure to high temperatures can cause decomposition.

INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS: Avoid contact with strong oxidizing agents and strong reducing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Not anticipated under normal conditions of use.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

GENERAL INFORMATION:

Based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar materials

ROUTES OF ENTRY:

Skin, Eyes, Ingestion, and Inhalation.

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ACUTE EXPOSURE:

EYE IRRITATION:

Not expected to cause eye irritation. Based on data from components or similar materials. Vapors may cause irritation.

SKIN IRRITATION:

Slightly irritating based on data from components or similar materials. Prolonged or repeated skin contact without proper hygiene may result in skin disorders such as acne.

RESPIRATORY IRRITATION:

Based on data from components and similar materials, Inhalation of vapors or mists may cause irritation.

DERMAL TOXICITY:

Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg, Rabbit

ORAL TOXICITY:

Expected to be of low toxicity: LD50 > 5000 mg/kg , Rat

INHALATION TOXICITY:

Based on data from components and similar materials, product is not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use.

SENSITIZATION:

Component concentrations in this formulation would not be expected to cause skin sensitization, based on tests of the components or similar formulations.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE:

CHRONIC TOXICITY:

No data available to indicate product or components present at greater than 1% are chronic health hazards.

CARCINOGENICITY:

Product contains mineral and/or synthetic oils shown to be noncarcinogenic in laboratory studies with the same or similar materials. Mineral and synthetic oils are not classified as carcinogenic by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Other components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic effects.

MUTAGENICITY:

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

No data available to indicate either product or components present at greater than 0.1% that may cause reproductive toxicity.

TERATOGENICITY:

No data available to indicate either product or components present at greater than 0.1% that may cause birth defects.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

No other health hazards known.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

GHS Classification:
No classified hazards

Toxicity: All acute aquatic toxicity studies on samples of lubricant base oils show acute toxicity values greater than 100 mg/L for invertebrates, algae and fish. These tests were carried out on water accommodated fractions and the results are consistent with the predicted aquatic toxicity of these substances based on their hydrocarbon compositions.

Persistence and Degradability: The hydrocarbons in this material are not readily biodegradable, but since they can be degraded by microorganisms, they are regarded as inherently biodegradable.

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Bioaccumulative Potential: Log Kow values measured for the hydrocarbon components of this material are greater than 5.3, and therefore regarded as having the potential to bioaccumulate. In practice, metabolic processes may reduce bioconcentration.

Mobility in Soil: Volatilization to air is not expected to be a significant fate process due to the low vapor pressure of this material. In water, base oils will float and spread over the surface at a rate dependent upon viscosity. There will be significant removal of hydrocarbons from the water by sediment adsorption. In soil and sediment, hydrocarbon components will show low mobility with adsorption to sediments being the predominant physical process. The main fate process is expected to be slow biodegradation of the hydrocarbon constituents in soil and sediment.

Other adverse effects: None anticipated.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

The generator of a waste is always responsible for making proper hazardous waste determinations and needs to consider state and local requirements in addition to federal regulations. This material, if discarded as produced, would not be a federally regulated RCRA "listed" hazardous waste and is not believed to exhibit characteristics of hazardous waste. See Sections 7 and 8 for information on handling, storage and personal protection and Section 9 for physical/chemical properties. It is possible that the material as produced contains constituents which are not required to be listed in the SDS but could affect the hazardous waste determination. Additionally, use which results in chemical or physical change of this material could subject it to regulation as a hazardous waste. This material under most intended uses would become "Used Oil" due to contamination by physical or chemical impurities. Whenever possible, Recycle used oil in accordance with applicable federal and state or local regulations. Container contents should be completely used and containers should be emptied prior to discard.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT)

UN Number: Not regulated

UN proper shipping name: None

Transport hazard class(es): None Packing Group: None

Environmental Hazards: This product does not meet the DOT/UN/IMDG/IMO criteria of a marine pollutant

Special precautions for user: If shipped by land in a packaging having a capacity of 3,500 gallons or more, the provisions of 49 CFR, Part 130 apply. (Contains oil)

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not applicable

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances and TPQs (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA 302 and 40 CFR 372.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 311/312 (Title III Hazard Categories)

Should this product meet EPCRA 311/312 Tier reporting criteria at 40 CFR 370, refer to Section 2 of this SDS for appropriate classifications.

CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 and 40 CFR 372 This material contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR 372:

Chemical Name	Concentration	De minimis
Zinc Compound(s)	< 2	1.0%

EPA (CERCLA) Reportable Quantity (in pounds)

This material does not contain any chemicals with CERCLA Reportable Quantities.

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California Proposition 65

This material does not contain any chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm at concentrations that trigger the warning requirements of California Proposition 65.

International Inventories

All components are either listed on the US TSCA Inventory, or are not regulated under TSCA.
All components are either on the DSL, or are exempt from DSL listing requirements.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Disclaimer:

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text issue.

END OF SDS

Date: 02-March-2020
Revision Date: 02-March-2020
Revision Note: New format